Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL X.] FRIDAY, APRIL 20, 1810. 2770.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

Just Received,
AND FOR SALE BY
CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

MILITARY LANDS.
FOR SALE,
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,

Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

ROBERT GRAY,
BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,
Has lately received for sale the following articles:

Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the commercial relations of the United States with England.
Zollikoffer's Sermons on Education.
Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames' works.
Mrs. Chapone's works.
Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to subscribers 2 dolls. 50 cts. in boards.
Guthrie's Geographical, Historical, and Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols. octavo.
The works of President Edwards, 8 vols octavo.
The works of Dr Rush, 4 vols. octavo.
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Brooks' Gazetteer.
Hutchinson's Xenophon.
Gibson's and Jesse's Surveying.
Murphy's Lucian.
Barlow's Columbiad, 2 vols. 12mo.
American Register, vol. 5th.
Dr. Ramsay's History of South Carolina, 2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dolls. 50 cts.

☞ Subscriptions received by R. Gray for the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on the Epistles, and a new American Dispensatory, all now publishing by subscription in town.

MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

About 130,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars of a superior quality in casks, weighing from 18 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on generous terms, on application to

James Patton,
OR
Marsteller & Young.

March 18. d

Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets, has for sale,

8 pipes London Particular Madeira, old and of superior quality
15 quarter casks Malaga Wine
6 do. Colmenar do.
10 do. Sherry BB & DG Brands
20 cases old Claret and Vin de Grave
50 barrels Whiskey
8 hhds. and 10 barrels Northern Rum
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin TEAS, of the best qualities.

With a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Groceries as usual, on moderate terms.

March 28.

For Boston,
The regular trading Brig
LOGAN,
Jos. Hammett, master;
Will sail in six days, and will take a few passengers, for which she has excellent accommodations. Apply to

Lawrason & Fowle;

Who have now Landing from said brig, and schr. Samuel, from Boston,

16 hhds. } New England Rum
59 barrls }
250 boxes Mould Candles
7 hhds. retailing Sugar
10 do. do. Molasses
4 pipes Malaga Wine
20 chests Gunpowder, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas
60 casks and 50 boxes Fresh Raisins
20 boxes, 10 frails, and 3 casks figs
100 barrels mess, no. 1, and 50 half barrels ditto Boston Beef
6,000 lbs. Grass Rope
20 boxes Chocolate
30 barrels Apples
5 firkins Butter

From schr. Dove, from Portsmouth,

14 tons Plaister Paris
90 bars Sweeds Iron
6 hhds. } New England Rum
12 bbls }
20 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles
2 hhds. Molasses
60 pieces Tow Cloth.

Also, from sloop Ranger, captain Campbell, from Newburyport,

70 barrels N. E. Rum
200 kegs Salmon.

IN STORE,

Berboon Gurrahs, Ravens Duck, Young Hyson Tea, German Checks, Muscovado Sugars, Molasses, Mess No. 1 and No. 2 Beef, prime Pork, Mackarel, Salmon, Tanners' Oil, boxes of Shoes of different qualities
4000 bushels coarse, and 3000 do. blown Liverpool Salt.

For Charleston, S. C.
The Schr. SAMUEL,
(Jeremiah Farris, Master)
Burthen about 550 barrels, will take freight if immediate application is made, and will engage to bring a load of cotton back. Apply as above.

April 13

Bryan Hampson, & Co.
Have just received and offer for sale,

15 hhds. first quality New Orleans sugar.
30 bales Upland Georgia cotton
5 hhds. Jamaica and Antigua rum.
15 do New England do
15 hhds. first quality molasses.
10 tierces rice
600 lbs Bengal Indigo.
400 do. Flotant do.
15 bags heavy pepper.
15 do pimento.
10 boxes best Albany chocolate.
50 do. Bakers do.
20 qr casks Malaga wine.
300 reams writing and wrapping paper.

AND ON HAND,

London particular Madeira
Do. do. Teneriffe
Sherry
Sicily, Madeira & Port
} WINES

All of the first quality in pipes and quarter casks.

Imperial
Hyson
Young Hyson
and
Hyson Skin
} TEAS

20,000 lbs. green coffee in bags, and a general assortment of all kinds of groceries.
Selected flour for family use.

March 29.

JUST RECEIVED FOR SALE,
BY JAMES KENNEDY SEN.
BOOKSELLER, KING-STREET,
AN
ORATION,
COMMEMORATIVE OF THE
CHARACTER & ADMINISTRATION
OF
WASHINGTON.
DELIVERED BEFORE THE
AMERICAN REPUBLICAN SOCETY OF PHILADELPHIA,
On the 22d day of February, 1810,
BY CHARLES CALDWELL, M. D.
Published at the request of the Society.
PRICE THIRTY-ONE CENTS,

*** Subscriptions for the Port Folio are received as above.

March 16. eotf.

The Subscriber has just received from Carolina a quantity of SWEET POTATOES, fit for table use. *Also*, a few barrels Sweet Potatoe Roots for planting, both of which are in prime order.

He has on hand,

A few barrels Nova-Scotia Seed Potatoes, that are far superior to any in this market for those who wish to plant.

Also in Store,

Imperial and Young Hyson Tea, first quality,
Fresh Oranges,
A few pots pickled peaches, peppers and cucumbers,
West India Pickles,
Sweet Oil in boxes, and by retail,
Almonds and Filberts,
Figs, Bloom Raisins,
Smyrna do.
Pickled Salmon in kegs,
Sounds and Tongues,
Cranberries,
Rhode Island Cheese,
Smoaked Herrings in boxes,
Baker's warranted Chocolate, first qual.
Common do.
Country Butter in firkins, &c. &c.

Thomas Patten.

April 18. 3t

Joseph H. Mandeville,
Offers for sale the following articles, wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackarel
50 tons Plaister Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton.
10 hhds Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
2 hhds. Copperas
Gunpowder,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
and
Hyson Skin,
} TEAS.
Madeira,
Lisbon,
Claret, and
Catalonia
} WINES,
Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhds and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Figblue.
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and
30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco

Orphans' Court,
Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810.

Ordered, that the executor of George M'Mun, deceased, do insert the folowing advertisement three times in each week for eight weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste,
Alex. Moore, Regifter.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of George M'Munn, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all persons having claims against the said dec'd are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 21st day of August next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 21st day of Feb. 1810,

Mordecai Miller, *Ex'r,*

Public Sale.

On SATURDAY next, at half past ten o'clock, will be sold, at the dwelling house of Capt. *Finley*, King street,
A VARIETY OF
Elegant Houshold Furniture,
Consisting of looking glasses, side board, dining, card and tea tables, beds, bedsteads, carpets, one elegant chimney clock, mahogany and plain chairs, china, glass & queens ware, &c. Terms will be made known at the place of sale.

P. G. Marsteller.

April 19.

LOST,
On Tuesday last, in the town of Alexandria,
A red Morocco Pocket Book,

containing four Tobacco Notes of Nanjemoy warehouse, (three of them second quality and one first)—two in the name of Ann M'Bane and two in the name of Thomas M'Bane, weight and numbers not recollected—a Five Dollar Bank Note and a pair of large Gold Ear rings. The finder shall receive the Bank Note as a reward for the Pocket-Book and the other contents, on leaving them with the Printer of the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Thomas M'Bane.

The Tobacco Notes can be of no use to any person but the right owner, as information has been given at the warehouse of the loss.

April 19. 3.*

COAN LAND *for sale.*

SIX hundred and six acres of valuable *low grounds*, a great proportion of which is mixed with oyster shells, situated upon the banks of Coan river, in the county of Northumberland, late the property of *S. Ball*, Esquire, and is equally distant from Baltimore, Norfolk and Alexandria.

COAN abounds in fine fish, oysters, and wild fowl of every description in their respective seasons—and the estate is a very desirable one. But a small part of the purchase money will be required to be paid at the time of purchase. For further particulars enquiries may be addressed to the subscriber, who requests that the postage on such letters may be paid.

George Carter.

Oatlands, near Leesburg, April 19. 3t

Advertisement.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from John Potts and Elizabeth his wife to the subscriber, will be sold by public auction, on Saturday the 21st of April next, to the highest bidder, on the premises, sundry Lots or pieces of Ground, situate on Water, Union, and Cameron streets, in the town of Alexandria. A credit of six, twelve and eighteen months will be given to the purchasers, they giving their notes with approved endorsers, and negotiable in the bank of Alexandria for the several instalments and a lien on the property as a further security.

Ludwell Lee, *Trustee.*

March 29. d

Just Received and for Sale by the Subscriber,

42 tierces New Rice,
14 bales prime Georgia Cotton,
16 do. inferior quality do.
19 hhds. first quality retailing Molasses,
A few chests Hyson and Young Hyson Tea, and
190 barrels Suffolk Tar.

Newton Keene.

April 10.

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from *William Wilson* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a sum of money to the Bank of Alexandria, will be exposed to sale upon the respective premises, on *Wednesday*, the 25th day of April next, several parcels of Ground lying upon Fairfax, Water, Queen streets and a 20 foot alley, in the town of Alexandria, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months, the purchaser giving notes with approved indorsers for the payment of the purchase money negotiable at the Bank of Alexandria, and deeds of trust upon the property as a further security.

James Keith, *Trustee,*

March 31.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

FRIDAY, APRIL 20.

SALEM, *April* 13.

Yesterday the Juno arrived at Boston, in the short passage of 27 days from England. Mr. Edward Lander and Mr. Benjamin T. Pickman, of this town, came passengers, to whom we are indebted for files of London papers to the 12th of March.

BONAPARTE'S MARRIAGE.

In these papers we find the grand secret and mystery of the late treaty of peace between France and Austria developed, by which the latter preserved an unexpected portion of her power and dominions, viz. that instead of the sister of Alexandria of Russia, Bonaparte marries the archduchess Maria Louisa, the eldest daughter of the emperor of Austria, the grand daughter of the great Maria Therisa, and the niece of the late murdered queen of France! Napoleon communicated the articles of the marriage treaty to the senate on the 27th Feb. The prince of Neufchatel (Berthier) with a splendid train had set out for Vienna to escort the future empress to Paris—in this train was one of the sons of the *divorced* Josephine! The archduke Charles was to receive the hand of his neice, *as the proxy of Bonaparte!* All was joy at Vienna, as well as at Paris, at this alliance; and the Vienna bank bills rose on the occasion from 10 to 100! A similar scene of splendor and joy was witnessed just thirty six years before, when the aunt of this princess was conducted to Paris to be united to Louis XVI.

RUSSIA AND FRANCE.

The papers contain many rumors of a renewed spirit of hostility in Russia towards France. The point upon which Napoleon will pique Alexander, it is said, is the establishment of a kingdom in Poland, a measure deferred at the treaty of Tilsit, til a more convenient season; and it is this it is said, which has led to the determination of Russia to march troops into Poland. A movement of the French armies towards the frontiers of Alexander are also mentioned in an article from Nuremberg, tho' the ostensible object was a more rigorous blockade in the north of Germany, to effect an entire exclusion of English commerce.

EXTENSION OF FRANCE.

The Hamburgh papers say that the whole north of Germany is to be incorporated with France, and that a French army of 60,000 is assembling on the frontiers of Holstein. The incorporation of Hanover (the king of England's hereditary dominion) was deferred till Bonaparte should receive an answer from his Britannic majesty to some propositions he had made to him respecting it.

HOLLAND.

King Louis still remained at Paris. A very severe note from the French minister Champagny, was presented to the Dutch minister, dated the 24th Jan. He reproaches the Dutch with their want of energy—with their mercantile avarice—and with the obstacles they had thrown in the way of the Milan decree. To make the reproach the more cutting, the minister contrasts the selfishness of the Dutch with the more noble conduct of the Americans, in concurring with the views of Napoleon, as witnessed in their general EMBARGO! The note concludes with three measures which the emperor proposes, in case Great Britain continues the war upon her avowed principles. 1. To *recal* king Louis. 2. To occupy Holland with French troops, as a conquered country. 3. "To employ every means, *without regard to any consideration*, to compel Holland to engage in the continental system, and to wrest, once for all, her ports and coasts from the government that has made the ports of Holland the principal depots, and the greater part of the Dutch merchants the promoters and agents of British commerce." As the French emperor does not here actually declare the annihilation of the independence of the Dutch nation, but only *threatens*, it is suggested in the English papers that this is meant to tell her, that there is a price and a sacrifice by which she may purchase an exemption from what the Dutch people view horror, an incorporation with France. The same paper which contains this note, contains also two letters from king Louis to the legislative body of Holland, dated at Paris the 1st and 21st Feb. in which he directly repels the charges of his brother—says, he "did not expect, after the difficulties and distresses to which Holland had been exposed, to hear her accused of having violated engagements, and of not having done enough"—declares the Dutch have been the "victims of calumny, of petty passion and interest"—and recommends patience, till the moment when "the justice of his majesty the emperor, my brother, shall *make reparation* for a charge which we have so little deserved." He also intimates, that there remains a price at which their independence may be preserved: I have (says he) every reason to believe, that, if we can come to any arrangement, which does not preclude the possibility of our existence, Holland may still escape the present impending tempest."

THE WAR IN SPAIN.

The news from Cadiz was down to the 29th of Feb. The means seem to be preparing to cause the siege of that important city to attract the regards of all the world. The French first made their appearance on the hills opposite Cadiz on the 5th Feb.—The duke of Albuquerque arrived the day before them with 11,000 troops, and has great credit for the masterly manœuvring of his little army, so as to avoid the enemy, although they had 12,000 cavalry. The British admiral Purvis had 4 sail of the line at Cadiz, the Atlas, Triumph, Invincible and Zealous; and the Spanish fleet consists of 13 sail of the line and 4 frigates. The French were augmenting their force round the city, and the garrison for its defence was daily receiving reinforcements; it consisted of British, Spanish and Portuguese, amounting to 20,000. On the evening of the 24th the Spaniards took a six-gun battery, at the ferry, opposite San Pedro on the Ira, and bayonetted the French. The duke of Albuquerque talked of a sally. The shipping continually destroyed the French works and received some damage in their turn. On the 26th, deputies were sent from king Joseph to the junta at Cadiz, to persuade them to give up; but their papers were burnt by the common hangman. The French entered Malaga on the 5th Feb. On the 14th, a body entered Algeziras, took some plunder, and went off. The British at Gibraltar have destroyed the Spanish lines near that place, to prevent their being occupied by the French.

FRANCE AND AMERICA.

In the same paper with the note to the Dutch minister was a note from Champagny to the American minister without date. It represents the Berlin and Milan decrees as *consequences* of the British orders in council, though it is well known these orders were not issued till *after* the Berlin decree; and seizing upon the moment when our government has managed to work up the prejudices of the people to a fever height against Great Britain, it proposes to renew the commercial relations with this country, provided we will resist these British orders—or, in other words, join her in the war against England. This is the snare that is laid for us: we doubt whether the country will yet run into it. Indeed the note is in such an insulting style, as no person could bear, who felt the real spirit of freedom and independence. If such language is submitted to, we are the slaves of Bonaparte.

ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

Notwithstanding the late irritations, we have the pleasure to find in the English papers strong expressions of good will towards America, and of a desire for peace and friendship. The Courier of March 9, contains the following paragraph:

The John Adams was expected to sail yesterday from Cowes, with Mr. Pinkney's despatches. She was to touch at a French port to take up despatches from the American minister in Paris. The John Adams it is said carries out the basis on which it is proposed to terminate all the differences between this country and the United States. It is stated to have obtained the concurrence of Mr. Pinkney; we trust his government will receive it with a like disposition, and will at last see, that not only honor but security may be found, and can only be found in an intimate connection with Great Britain. France opens her arms for America, but opens them merely to stifle her in the embrace.

NORFOLK, *April* 13.

Captain Rutter, of the schooner Mary, arrived yesterday in 15 days from Saint Bartholomews, informs us that before he sailed a packet had arrived from England at Antigua, bringing London papers to the 20th February. That he read Antigua papers containing London intelligence to that date. There was nothing important, except that the London papers stated there had been a firing along the French coast, in consequence of a commercial treaty having been signed between France and the U. States.

Captain R. further states that the London papers spoke positively of an amicable adjustment of all matters between this country and Great Britain.

After the arrival of this packet, there was a marked difference in the treatment to the Americans—all who claimed the character of American citizens were discharged from the men of war, to the number, as it was reported, of nearly 600 at Antigua and the adjacent islands. Captain R. has brought home *six Americans, that were discharged at Antigua.*

From the New York American citizen of Feb. 24.

ARMED NEUTRALITY.

Ever since the rejection of Mr. Monroe's treaty in 1806, by the Grand Lama of spurious philosophy and furious jacobinism, we have witnessed a succession of executive blunders and suffered a series of national calamities that have no parallel in the history of the civilized world. The rejection of the treaty was the prelude to *submission* to the Berlin decree; submission was the cause of the orders in council; the orders in council, *it is said*, occasioned our famous embargo, and the embargo has disgraced the nation; exposed its weakness; empoverished its treasury; involved it in debt, will bring upon it taxes and loans; has broken down the spirit of the people, and impaired the integrity of the empire. I exclude from this imperfect catalogue of the fatal effects of the fatal measure, the confusion into which it has thrown the republican party, as well as the European laughter and ridicule to which it has subjected the only republic in the world which the universal conquerer has suffered to exist.

The attempts of the assembled wisdom of the nation to escape from the ruin, reluctantly prompted thereto by the executive, are as curious as the approximations to it by the "illustrious Jefferson" were rapid and alarming.

The embargo was termed a *coercive* measure. Bellies were to grumble for want of food; hands were to be idle for want of materials; insurrections were to follow; governments to be overthrown, and this train and gradation of evils were to terminate, where they naturally do, in national uproar and massacre. The philosopher told us with true philosophical calmness that all this would happen, ale house meetings resolved that it would, and every *sage* in the nation believed! How eloquently Old Time has spoken to us? If twelve years ago congress truly resolved that we were the wisest nation on earth, how infinitely the rest of the poor world must lag behind us now in wisdom.

Duane affirms (and being the philosophers *colonel* is good authority) that Massachusetts *frightened* congress into a relinquishment of the embargo; and that in truth it was abandoned by way of averting from ourselves a revolution something like that which the *coercive* measure was to stir up in a particular part of Europe.

But then we had a substitute—the non-intercourse, which was in fact a misnomer, for under this non-intercourse, our intercourse was almost as frequent as the stoutest opponent of the *coercive* commercial restriction could wish for.

Still there is something in store wherewith to amuse us and terrify the "whore of Babylon." There is to be an armed neutrality, and the Baltimore American, a paper which is said to be under the influence of our very ABLE Mr. Smith, informs us how probable it is that France and America will *accede* to it! Col, Duane, another prop of the administration, goes still further, and advocates an alliance with France! Philosophers in congress maintain similar doctrines. I have much pleasure in laying before the curious reader the following enlightened extracts; they will tend to convince him how sensibly alive we are to our own happiness and safety!

Extract No. 1.

"I am afraid that Napoleon will convene a congress to establish the principles of the armed neutrality, without *permitting* us to participate in it!" The hon. Mr. Sawyer's speech in congress, (from N. Carolina) of Jan. 14, 1810.

No. 2.

"Our *only hope* is now in the Northern Confederacy which is forming, and I think it of the utmost consequence that we should have a minister at Russia on that account." The hon. Mr. Smilie's speech in congress (from Pennsylvania) Jan. 31, 1810.

No. 3.

"Mr. Burwell (of Virginia) spoke at considerable length about the neutrality of the northern powers, and of their friendly disposition towards the United States." Debate of Jan. 31.

No. 4.

(From the Baltimore American.)

"We do most cordially assent to the necessity of a general congress of the maritime states, of a quintuple alliance, but of such an intention we have no knowledge except through the false mirrors of the Essex junto. The administration not having transmitted any information to the Senate of such a project being on the *tapis*, we are inclined to believe that it exists only in the vagaries of the tory editors in this country; but the necessity of such an event is nevertheless proven in almost every line of the historic pages of the maritime wars of G. Britain, and to prevent a general combination of the maritime powers on this subject seems to be the most ardent desire of Great Britain and her satellites wheresoever they may be spread."

No. 5. (From the Aurora.)

"My second reason why we ought immediately *to form* AN ALLIANCE WITH FRANCE *is, that our interest demands it;* for no man of information can doubt that Spain and Portugal will be subdued in a few months, and then Pensacola and Mobile will come under the power of France. It is well known that Spain is very troublesome at the Mobile; and as soon as Tombigby and Alabama are well settled, the trade will be immense. If we form a connexion with France, we can, on very easy terms, get possession of those lands, which will be a great acquisition to the U. S. Nor can I see one argument why we should procrastinate this connexion. Champagny's letter speaks the sentiments of every friend of the rights of nations, and particularly of American happiness, and contains all in it that we could wish to establish, and which will be the *glory of America*, as a free and independent nation."

No. 6.

(Written by the Duke of Wall street. See De Witt Clinton's Columbian, of Feb. 3 1810.

"We all know that continental Europe suffers equally with ourselves on account of commercial restrictions; interest will therefore impel Russia, and Sweden, Denmark, Holland, and imperial France to favor the plan for restoring *freedom of the seas!* These hints are thrown out to prepare our fellow citizens for events which will shortly be realised. We are *certain* that the plan contemplated was partly arranged at Erfurth, eighteen months ago." [Erfurth was the seat of interview between the two emperors of Russia and France, where the invasion and conquest of Spain were agreed upon, and whence Napoleon proceeded to Paris, where he addressed his legislature in the following terms:

"Russia and Denmark have joined me against England.

"The United States of America have preferred to *renounce* commerce and the sea, rather than to acknowledge the slavery of them."]

No. 7.

(From the Baltimore American of Feb. 6.)

To the Federal editors in the U States.

Should an armed neutrality of the northern powers take place for the protection of neutral commerce against the depredations of belligerents, and France and the United States accede thereto, would you not call this submission to France?

FOR SALE,

A valuable new MERCHANT MILL, in complete repair, with two pair of French burrs for wheat and one pair of Allegany stones for corn. There is machinery of every description for conveying the wheat from the waggon and from the packing with a very small portion of manual labor. It may be tended with less than half the labor in common mills. It is situate on the main turnpike road leading from Ashby's Gap to Alexandria, on a good stream of water as any in the parts. It is capable of making 30 barrels of flour every twenty four hours;—it is also expected the new paved road will come directly by it, which will make the carriage of flour to Alexandria short, cheap and easy.

Any person wishing to purchase will do well to make immediate application, as possession will be given the first of July. It is presumed that any person wishing to purchase would want to see the premises, where the terms will be made known by

Joseph Hatcher,
OR
Samuel Hatcher,
Near Leesburg.

April 17. 3o

☞ Printing in all its branches, neatly executed at this office.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

FRIDAY, APRIL 20.

In a violent gale at Fayal, on the 21st of Feb. 17 vessels, principally Americans, were driven to sea, with loss of cables and anchors, and had not returned on the 26th. In this gale, the British brig Rachel, and a schooner, were driven on shore, and about half of the crews perished. The brig was loaded with American produce, most of which was also lost.

Extract of a letter from a very respectable and intelligent agent in France, to his friend in New York.

NANTES, 13*th Feb.* 1810.

"Our affairs grow more gloomy every day, and I have lost all hopes of seeing the sequestration removed from the American property. The day I left Bordeaux (8th) an alarming letter was read by the director of the customs from Mons. Callin, the director general at Paris. A small Baltimore schooner, capt. Jacobs, had entered the Garonne, in real distress, (bound to St. Sebastian) with a cargo of tobacco, and was seized by the custom house, because she was less than 100 tons burthen, and consequently could not bring tobacco into France. Mons. Callin writes in answer to a letter sent him by the director of the customs at Bordeaux, that he had mistaken the real ground on which that vessel was seized—that it was not for the trifling difference of a few tons in burthen, nor for merely violating the decision act of 14th April, 1808, but on account of her nationality, being American, and as such liable to confiscation. He then orders the director to make a new seizure, founded on the vessel's being American, to have a new *proces verbal* made out, and sent him, stating that the vessel and property were American, and that he would *urge* the condemnation at the council of prizes. I saw a copy of the letter. This appears to me to be a declaration of war.

"It is reported here that orders have been given to sell the vessels and cargoes in Spain for the benefit of the French government.

"The emperor grants licenses to export wine, grain, &c. *to any port or place*, and bring back dye-woods, pot-ashes, &c. Cotton is not among the articles permitted to be imported, and especially not those from the United States."

Copy of a letter from Gen. Armstrong, the American minister, to the supercargo of an American vessel, carried into St. John de Luz, dated Paris 30th of Jan. 1810.

"I have received your letter of the 24th instant, and exceedingly regret the embarrassments into which you have fallen. The explanation I have received with regard to the seizure made of our ships, &c. in the ports of Spain, are not of a character to tranquilize you. They are said to be the result of a principle adopted by his majesty that a commerce denied to France, shall not be permitted to her allies. The presumption is, that your case will be sent before the council of prizes. You should therefore make your protest before a competent authority, and forward it, (with power to employ an attorney if necessary,) to Mr. E. R. Marden, our agent here.

(Signed) J. ARMSTRONG."

Democracy.—The following description of the present democratic government of Pennsylvania, is given by Duane, the leading democratic printer in Philadelphia. If democracy is thus spoken of by its best friends, how can those be justly censured who speak in milder terms of its misdeeds?

"Meanwhile our state legislators are raising their patricidal voices under the banner of ignorance against the constituted authorities of the union, proclaimed by solemn resolutions, carried by clamors and confusion more shameful and unruly than the most reprobated proceedings of the French convention; and a motion of thanks to the president of the United States is withdrawn through the corrupt influence of the executive of Pennsylvania.

"Persons concerned in the whiskey insurrection of 1794, are now concerned in the treasonable proceedings at Lancaster, and the government of the state exhibits one of the most humiliating spectacles to the friends of representative government that is to be found in the annals of the world---- where all the worst predictions of enemies of free government have received a sanction in the triumph of depravity and ignorance over the probity and intellect of the state."

A PLAIN CASE.

A bird's eye view of the comparative economy of the democratical administration of the general government is presented by the report of Mr. Gallatin, containing the expences of the war and navy departments, from the commencement of the present form of government. They embrace a period of twenty one years, and amount to fifty-four millions. In the twelve first years which were federal, they amount to about twenty-six millions, and in the last eight years, the democrats contrived to expend upwards of twenty eight millions.

The federalists quelled two insurrections, carried on an Indian war to a successful close, created a navy, which they left to their successors, and did this for two millions less than the latter have wasted without any other extraordinary call for expence than the war with the petty state of Tripoli.

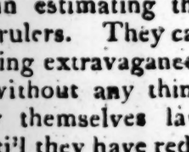
The statement of the editor of the New-York American Citizen, copied into our paper of yesterday, makes the whole amount of the national expenditure of every kind, during the federal administration, consisting of a period of twelve years, to be less than what has been squandered in the nine years of democratic misrule, by twenty-one millions. In this computation Mr. Gallatin's statement, that the federal administration spent seven and an half millions more than they did according to the report of a committee of congress, is not attested but admitted. If the report of that committee should be taken to be more correct than Mr Gallatin's statement, it will follow that Jefferson and Madison have spent in nine years twenty-eight and an half millions more than Washington & Adams did in 12.

The reflecting citizen anxious for his country's good will never lose sight of this comparison, in estimating the conduct of their present rulers. They came into power by attributing extravagance to the federalists; but without any thing to call for expence they themselves lavished much larger sums, till they have reduced the public chest literally to bankruptcy. They profess themselves irreconcilable enemies to armies and navies; and they possess neither, for they have contrived to destroy the navy left them by the federalists, and they have buried the army in the swamps of N. Orleans. But though they have neither army nor navy, they have made the nation pay more for the name of them, in eight years, than the federalists did in twenty, for a navy which protected an extended trade to every part of the world, and for an army, which reduced the Indian tribes to permanent submission.

The simplest man may understand, who have been more wise and more faithful to their constituents, from these plain facts, which are indisputable. He will see at a glance, that as the federalists have been the authors of every blessing we have enjoyed, the democrats have been busied solely as artificers of ruin.

Fed. Republican.

SHIP NEWS.



Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,

Sch'r Rising States, Thomson, George-Town, to load for New-York.

CLEARED,

Brig Logan, Hammet, Boston, by Lawrason and Fowle.

Schooner Eliza, Berry, St. Bartholemews, by Robert Young.

[illegible] Hunter, Johnston, do. by R. Patton, jun.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, *April* 18,

[CONCLUDED.]

[*Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.*]

Mr. Sheffy replied to *Mr. Johnson* in his usual clear and convincing manner.

The question was then divided. On the first proposition, to interdict our waters to French and British armed vessels, there were 63 in favor of the proposition. On the second proposition there were 58 in the affirmative; both parts were therefore carried.

The committee then rose and reported the bill as amended.

Sundry amendments were offered to the bill and rejected. The discussion was continued until near 10 o'clock, evening, when the amendments of *Mr. Johnson* were agreed to, and the bill ordered to a third reading to-morrow.

Mr. Livingston had leave to withdraw his papers, which had been before the house, relative to the Batture, and the house adjourned.

THURSDAY, *April* 19.

A communication from the Secretary of the Treasury was received, covering a report relative to American manufactures.

On motion of *Mr. Bacon*, one thousand copies of the report were ordered to be printed, and it was referred to a select committee to divine means to collect further information on the subject.

Mr. Love attempted to call up the resolution he offered yesterday to appoint commissioners to revise the laws of the District of Columbia, but failed in the attempt.

Mr. Smilie called up his resolution to rescind the resolution for adjournment on the 23d inst. The resolution was amended so as to fix on the 1st of May for adjournment instead of the 23d inst. The resolution as amended passed—Ayes 59—Noes 47.

On motion of Mr. Gholson the commercial intercourse bill, which was debated yesterday, was read a third time and the question stated by the speaker—*Shall the bill pass?*

Mr. Quincy spoke at considerable length, and with his usual elegance and strength of argument, against the bill. He was followed by *Mr. Pitkin* also against the bill. *Mr. Pitkin*, proved from the statements of the secretary of the treasury, that if the army should be reduced as is contemplated, there would be no necessity for laying any additional duties.

FOR RENT,

THE DWELLING HOUSE in which I now reside, at the corner of Fairfax and Queen streets—The Ware-House part of the tenement I shall retain the use of.—To a good tenant it will be let at a very moderate rent. Possession may be had in two or three weeks.

Cuthbert Powell.

April 6. eo

NOTICE.

ON FRIDAY next will be exposed to public sale, at Union-Hill, in Fairfax county, lately the residence of Doctor Henry Rose deceased, all the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of *a few slaves, household and kitchen furniture, farming utensils and stock* A credit of 12 months will be allowed on all sums above twenty dollars; the purchasers giving bond with approved security.

N. B. In addition to the above property will be sold, a valuable and extensive collection of BOOKS—a few thousand weight of prime BACON.

Alexander F. Rose, *Ex'r.*

April 16. d

Just Published and for Sale

At the Book-Stores of Robert Gray, James Kennedy, sen. and Cottam & Stewart, and at the office of the Alexandria Daily Gazette,

—(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS)—

AN

ORATION

ON

THE BIRTH OF WASHINGTON:

DELIVERED BEFORE THE WASHINGTON SOCIETY OF ALEXANDRIA,

BY

ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER, ESQ.

ONE OF ITS MEMBERS,

ON THE

22d FEBRUARY, 1810,

AND PUBLISHED BY ITS ORDER.

TO LET,

A House on Royal street, next door north of Samuel Snowden's, now in the possession of Mr. *Daniel M'Dougall.* Possession may be had on the 10th day of May.

Apply to

John Longden.

April 20.

JUST RECEIVED

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY GOODS,

VIZ.

GILT and mahogany frame LOOKING GLASSES — *of the newest pattern*; Tea Boards of different colours; Knives and Forks; Pen and Sportsmans' Knives; Whips and Canes of various kinds; ladies' kid and leather Gloves; gentlemens' ditto; Pocket Books; cloth, hair, shoe and sweeping, Brushes; plated and brass Candle Sticks new patterns, Razors, &c. &c.——He also continues carring on the

COMB MAKING,

and has on hand, a quantity of ivory, tortoise shell and horn Combs; all of which he offers for sale at reduced prices for Cash.

☞ CASH given for Tortoise Shell and Horns.

Thomas Mount.

April 20.

NOTICE.

THE copartnership of *Leonard & Thomas Cook*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent of the parties: All persons that are indebted to them will please to come forward and pay to *Thomas Cook* the respective sums due, as he is authorised to close the business of the concern; and those to whom they are indebted, will please call for settlement of the same.

Leonard Cook,
Thomas Cook.

They have for Sale,

Two good work horses, two well broke carriage horses, one carriage second handed, one new carriage nearly finished, one excellent gig—all of them with good plated harness—which will be disposed of on reasonable terms for cash

Also, to Rent,

The warehouse and stable on King-street, the situation is excelled by none in the town. For terms apply to

Thomas Cook.

April 20. d3t

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the county court of Fairfax, will be sold, at public sale, on the premises, on *Thursday*, the 24th of April next, at eleven o'clock, in the forenoon, if fair; if not, on the next fair day, at the same time and place; for the purposes in the said order mentioned—

ABOUT sixty acres of LAND, part of the tract belonging to the late *Roger West*, Esq. and known by the name of WEST GROVE. The land proposed for sale, lies on the south side of Great Hunting Creek, and contiguous to the Hunting Creek Bridge—Its vicinity to the bridge and to the road leading from the bridge, added to the facility of communication with the town, renders it an object of attention to such as are disposed to purchase land in the neighborhood of Alexandria.

It will be laid off in lots to suit purchasers, and sold on a credit of two, four & six months for negotiable notes with an approved endorser. A lien on the land will be retained until payment of the purchase money.

The above land will be sold at private sale at any time before the 24th day of April next, upon application to either of the subscribers, who are authorised to receive proposals for the same.

By order of the Commissioners,

John D. Simms,
James C. West.

March 31. 2awts

☞ The sale of the above property is postponed until further notice.

By order of the Commissioners,

John D. Simms,
James C. West.

April 20.

Sebastian Spring Tavern.

On Saturday next the 21st April, for the last time, will be offered for sale at public auction for cash, the lease of the above tavern with the improvements and furniture

If not sold at that time, the subscriber will continue as heretofore to keep a house of Public Entertainment. The sale will take place on the premises at 10 o'clock A. M.

A. Lindo.

N. B. The ground now inclosed, about 6 acres, is under an excellent fence; the garden has been well and early attended to, and there are about 4 acres in excellent clover. As the Spring is well known nothing need be said on that score.

April 19.

ORIGINAL FAMILY MEDICINES,

Prepared by RICHARD LEE & SON,

Have been in high estimation and general use throughout the United States, for upwards of ten years. And, it is no inconsiderable evidence of their utility, that during the above period, numerous imitations of every article, the productions of ignorance and experience, urged by envy and penury, have been intruded on the public, seen for a day, and then perished! Others now succeed them, which in like manner are fast descending to the tomb of the Capulets; while our medicines become more generally used, and acquire a daily accession of deserved celebrity.

Lee's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

This medicine is superior to any ever offered to the public, being innocent and mild certain and efficacious in its operations.—Should no worms exist in the body, it will without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

Lee's Elixer.

A certain remedy for colds, coughs, asthmas, and particularly the whooping cough, so destructive to children.

Lee's Essence of Mustard,

So well known for the cure of rheumatisms, gout, palsy, sprains, &c. &c.

Lee's Grand Restorative,

Proved by long experience to be unequalled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, inward weakness, &c.

Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application.

Infallible Ague & Fever Drops,

For the cure of agues, remittent, and intermittent fevers.

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion,

Celebrated for the cure of ring worms, tetters, &c.

Lee's Genuine Eye Water.

An effectual remedy for all diseases of the eyes.

Tooth-ache Drops.

Which give immediate relief.

Lee's Damask Lip Salve.

Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

The Anodyne Elixir,

For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

The Indian Vegetable Specific,

For the cure of venereal complaints

Those medicines having come into general use, they are frequently purchased not only by Druggists, but by country store keepers to sell again; in order that the purchasers may be confident they have the original *genuine* medicines; wherever they purchase they have but to observe, that every article of medicine has on the outward wrapper the signature of the proprietors.

Michael Lee & Co.
late Richard Lee and Son

☞ Sold, by appointment, at Nicholas Hingston's, Fairfax street, and at Robert Gray's, bookseller, King street.

February 13. law6w

LANDING,

From the schooner John, Captain Aeris, from Norfolk, and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle,

35 hogsheads of Molasses,
2 pales Boerboon Gurrahs.

March 28.

FOR RENT,

A VERY convenient and comfortable DWELLING HOUSE on the lower end of Royal street, lately occupied by Mr. Edmonds. Possession may be had immediately.

John T. Brooks.

April 4.

Freight Wanted.

About 300 barrels will be taken on freight on board the schooner Maria, now loading for Baltimore, on Wednesday if permitted, and the wind favorable. Apply to

B. Coleman.

April 11.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY, the first of May, at twelve o' clock, by virtue of a deed of trust from *William Hartshorne* to the subscriber, they will proceed to sell, for ready money, on the wharf known by the name of Kirk's wharf,

A Lease of said Wharf with the Buildings thereon, for the term of three years and four months from the first of May, 1810, subject to an annual rent of five hundred dollars, payable quarter yearly, the purchaser to have the privilege of removing the several buildings at the expiration of the lease on the first of September, 1813.

At the same time and place will be sold,

A Lease of the frame Warehouse, on Hooe's wharf, for the term of one year and five and a half months, and subject to an annual rent of one hundred and fifty dollars, with the privilege of removing the buildings at the expiration of the lease, and also the privilege of the wharf and dock—

AND FURTHER,

The fee-simple Estate in a square of ground situate on Duke street, and bounded by Fayette, Payne and Wolfe lanes, subject to an annuity of three hundred dollars, to Sarah Hartshorne & Rachael Hartshorne, during their natural lives, and to the longest liver of them, payable yearly and every year, on the first day of October in each year. On this square is a frame dwelling now in the tenure of Charles L Nevitt.

John Roberts.
Thomas Vowell.

April 11. eo9t

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from Mr. *William Hodgson* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a debt to the Bank of Alexandria, will be exposed to Auction on the premises on *Wednesday the 30th day of May, ensuing,*

One Lot situate on Prince-street, in the town of Alexandria, fronting thereon 30 feet, running thence westwardly about 88 feet, thence eastwardly 44 feet, thence southwardly 24 feet, thence westwardly about 14 feet, thence southwardly to the beginning about 64 feet. On this lot is an excellent three story brick house with extensive and commodious brick back buildings, in the occupation of John Hopkins, Esquire. The lower part contains a large store, compting house and cellars. This property is well suited to the accommodation of a family and the carrying on of an extensive business.

One other Lot adjoining the above, fronting on Prince street about thirty four feet, and extending northwardly sixty-four feet. On this lot is an excellent frame warehouse, with back buildings, and a cellar under the whole. This property is well suited to an extensive wet goods business.

One other Lot on Water street to the north of and adjoining a 4 feet alley, at the end of Messrs. Faxon and Co's store; fronting thereon 24 feet and extending westwardly to the rear of the two before mentioned lots 60 feet. On this lot, in front, is a shed warehouse 20 by 40, and on the back a stable of about 16 by 22

A credit of 9, 18 and 27 months will be given for notes negotiable at the bank of Alexandria with approved endorsers, carrying interest from the date. A lien will be required on the property to secure the payment of the purchase money.

Thomas Swann, *Trustee.*

April 17—18. eots

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, and for Sale by
COTTOM & STEWART,
Price 1 Dollar,

GLENCARN;
OR
THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH,
A NOVEL.

By George Watterston, Esq.
Of Washington City,
Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his GLENCARN is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish, that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain, instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb. 6.

TO LET,

A convenient TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE on Princess street, between Washington and Columbus streets, in a very healthy part of the town.

Apply to

John F. Smith.

April 18. eots

ROBERT GRAY,

Bookseller, King-street, Alexandria, has lately received for sale,

Guthrie's geographical, historical and commercial Grammar, 2 vols. octavo, five dollars 50 cents

Mrs. Warren's history of the American Revolution, 3 volumes, octavo, seven dollars fifty cents

Russell's Ancient Europe, 2 volumes, octavo, calf, six dollars

Ditto, Modern Ditto, 5 volumes, sheep, fourteen dollars

The Plays of William Shakespeare, with the corrections and illustrations of various commentators: to which are added, notes by Samuel Johnson and George Stephens: revised and augmented by Isaac Reed, Esq. with a glossorial index, 17 volumes, calf, thirty four dollars

The Works of the Reverend Jonathan Edwards, minister of the gospel in Northampton, Massachusetts, and afterwards president of the college in New Jersey, 8 volumes, eighteen dollars

Plowden's History of Ireland, 5 volumes, fifteen dollars

Smollet's History of England, 4 volumes, ten dollars

The geographical, natural and civil history of Chili, 2 volumes, octavo, five dollars

The Annual Register, volume 3d, three dollars twenty five cents

Tucker's Blackstone, 5 volumes, twenty-five dollars

Bosanquet and Puffie's Reports, volume 5, new lives, five dollars

Cruise's Digest of the Laws of England, respecting real property, 5 volumes, twenty-five dollars

Burrows's Reports, 5 volumes, twenty ds.

Winterbotham's America, 4 volumes, calf, gilt, fifteen dollars

East's Reports, volume 9th, five dollars

Cranch's Reports, volume 4th, five dollars

Johnson's Reports, 3 volumes, eighteen dollars

Dallas's Reports, 4 volumes, twenty dollars

Revised Code, Virginia laws, 3 volumes, fourteen dollars

Parents' Assistant, by Miss Edgeworth, 3 volumes, two dollars fifty cents

Tales of Fashionable Life, by ditto, 2 volumes, two dollars fifty cents

Dr. Rees's Cyclopædia volume 12th, part first. Subscribers will please send for their copies.

Bell's Surgery, 4 volumes, fourteen dollars.

Clarkson's Portratum of Quakerism, 3 vo

Rush's Works, 4 volumes, ten dollars

Choptal's Chemistry, by Woodhouse, 2 volumes, four dollars seventy five cents

Lavoisier's Chemistry, three dollars fifty cents

Lewis's Materia Medica, two volumes, four dollars fifty cents

Wilson on febrile diseases, 2 volumes, six dollars

Willick's Lecture on Diet and Regime, London edition, three dollars seventy five cents

Hunter on the blood, 2 volumes, 4 dollars

Beauties of Nature and Art, 14 volumes, bound, seventeen dollars fifty cents

Motherby's Medical Dictionary, London edition, calf, twenty two dollars

Burkit's exposition of the New Testament, eight dollars twenty five cents

Two elegant patent London made Piano Fortes, with additional keys to C and Pedal, two hundred and twenty dollars

A few violins of a superior quality, violin cases, strings, bridges, screws and baws, clarified rosin clarinets, hautboys, German flutes, fifes, drums and trumpets, two elegant ebony French flagelots, and instruction for flagelot, fife, flutes and violin, &c.

Writing and letter paper, drawing and log paper, quills, wafers, inkpowder, Walker's best for records, ink stands, sand boxes, slates, pencils, &c. &c.

April 11.

Public Sale.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust to him from Mr. *William Hodgson*, dated on the 10th day of November, in the year 1808, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr. John Hopkins—will, on FRIDAY, the 26th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the court-house, in Alexandria, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money three thousand acres of LAND, situate on the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which land was, at the time of the grants for the same, in the county of Monongalia, in the state of Virginia.

The above tracts of land were granted by the state of Virginia, to John Allison by three several patents containing respectively one thousand acres, and bearing date on the first day of October, 1794, which land has been since duly conveyed to the said William Hodgson by deed dated 2d of August, 1799.

Edmund J. Lee, *Trustee.*

Nov. 27. eots

GRAND LOTTERY,

Three Prizes of 25,000 Dolls. each.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
Union College Lottery, No. I.

MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Benjamin Dewitt, George Merchant, Isaac Denniston, and Stephen Thorne.

SCHEME.

3	Prizes of	$25,000 is	$75,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		5,000	5,000
4	250 Tickets each,	1,000	7,000
2		2,000	4,000
5		1,000	5,000
28		500	14,000
30		200	6,000
50		100	5,000
100		50	5,000
200		20	4,000
10,500		10	105,000
10,924	Prizes,		265,000
24,076	Blanks,		
35,000	Tickets, at 7 dollars, is		245,000

Less than 2 1-4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to $1,000,
1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.*
1st do. 20th do. 250 do. from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.
1st do. 25th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive
1st do 30th do. 250 do. from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dolls.
1st do. 40th do. 1000
1st do. 45th do. 25,000

First 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

☞ The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

Tickets for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

* Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers) shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of *A*, the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle *A* to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

☞ TUITION.

THE subscriber continues to teach the *French Language* at his residence corner of Prince and Royal streets. Ladies and gentlemen will be waited on at their places of abode at such hours as they may appoint. Terms of tuition may be known by applying to him.

John Frignet.

N. B. The French translated into English, the English into French.

April

Plaister Paris and Clover Seed.

Landing from the Schooner Hero, Captain Pierce,

A quantity of Plaister of Paris and Clover Seed.

ALSO,

15 hhds. molasses
30 pbls. N. E. rum
40 do. apples
2 pipes Madeira wine

For sale by

John G. Ladd.

April 2.